

Term Overview Term 4, 2021

Based on research from the Workshop Model and Gradual Release of Responsibility

- Atwell, N. (1987). In the Middle: Writing, Reading and Learning with Adolescents, second edition, Portsmouth; Heinemann, Calkins, I., (2010). A Guide to the Reading Workshop. Portsmouth: Heinemann
- Toyani, C. (2011). So What Do They Really Know? Portland: Stenhouse

answers to questions including consideration of the

Safely use appropriate materials, tools, equipment and

Compare results with predictions, suggesting possible

Reflect on an investigation, including whether a test was

elements of fair tests (VCSIS066)

reasons for findings (VCSIS070)

technologies (VCSIS067)

fair or not (VCSIS071)

Fisher, D. and Frey, N. (2014). Better Learning Through Structured Teaching: A Framework for the Gradual Release of Responsibility, 2nd Edition. 2nd

Learnina Intention Success Criteria

Mini Lesson

Collaborative/ Independent

Stop Reflect Refine

Student Task

Collaborative/Independent Student Work

Share Feedback Reflect

Compare data with predictions and use as evidence in

developing explanations (VCSIS086)

Student Work Foundation Science Grade 1/2 Grade 3/4 Grade 5/6 In Grade 1 / 2 this term students will In Grade 3 / 4 this term students will In Grade 5 / 6 this term students will In Foundation this term, students will investigate living things have life cycles discover the growth and survival of explore and observe how various explore that light and sound are and living things depend on each other things are affected by physical shaped objects roll, slide, bounce and produced by a range of sources and and the environment to survive. This will conditions of their environment. This will spin. This will include: can be sensed. This will include: observing the way different Recognising that senses are used include: include: shaped objects move, such as to learn about the world around - Making and recording - Investigating how changing the observations of living things as physical conditions for plants balls, blocks and tubes us: our eyes to detect light, our comparing the way different ears to detect sound, touch to they develop through their life impacts on their arowth and sized, but similar shaped, objects feel vibrations, our noses to detect cycles, for example, insects, birds, survival, for example, changing roll and bounce, such as tennis smell and our tongues to detect frogs and flowering plants. saltwater concentrations, using balls, golf balls, marbles and taste. Recognising that environmental fertilisers or transferring to a factors can affect life cycles, for different soil type. basketballs Identifying the sun as a source of observing how the movement of example, fire and seed Researching organisms that live in light. different living things depends on Recognising that objects can be extreme environments, for aermination. their size and shape seen when light from sources is Investigating the roles of living example, Antartica a desert or available to illuminate them. things in a habitat, for example, deep sea. The way objects move depends on a variety of factors Exploring different ways to producers, consumers or including their size and shape (VCSSU048) produce sound using familiar decomposers. The growth and survival of living things are affected by the objects and actions, for example, Predicting the effects when living Respond to and pose questions, and make predictions physical conditions of their environment (VCSSU075) about familiar objects and events (VCSIS050) striking, blowing, scraping and things in feeding relationships are removed or die out in an area. shaking. With guidance, pose questions to clarify practical problems Participate in guided investigations, including making or inform a scientific investigation, and predict what the observations using the senses, to explore and answer findings of an investigation might be based on previous questions (VCSIS051) Light and sound are produced by a range of sources and Different living things have different life cycles and depend experiences or general rules (VCSIS082) can be sensed (VCSSU049) on each other and the environment to survive (VCSSU058) Compare observations and predictions with those of others With guidance, identify questions in familiar contexts that Respond to and pose questions, and make predictions With guidance, plan appropriate investigation types to (VCSIS054) about familiar objects and events (VCSIS050) can be investigated scientifically and predict what might answer questions or solve problems and use equipment, happen based on prior knowledge (VCSIS065) technologies and materials safely, identifying potential risks Represent and communicate observations and ideas about (VCSIS083) Participate in guided investigations, including making changes in objects and events in a variety of ways observations using the senses, to explore and answer questions (VCSIS051) Suggest ways to plan and conduct investigations to find (VCSIS055)

Compare observations and predictions with those of others

Represent and communicate observations and ideas about

changes in objects and events in a variety of ways

(VCSIS054)

(VCSIS055)

^{**}Progression may differ slightly